(XXXVIIIth YEAR.) THE (No. 1861.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1782.

CHARLES-TOWN, *(South-Carolina) July* 30.

THE town of Savannah was evacuated by the British troops, on the 11th of this month; the public ſtores and the effects of the inhabitants who have come away, being previouſly removed down to the iſland of Tybee. On the 20th of the ſame month, a fleet ſailed from Tybee for Jamaica, with 1800 negroes, and other property of the loyaliſts, under convoy of the Zebra frigate and Vulture ſloop of war. Two days afterwards, another fleet, having on board about 3000 negroes, ſailed for St. Auguſtine. On the evening of the ſame day, col. Brown with a part of his regiment, the militia troops of horſe diſmounted, ſome militia infantry, and about 300 Indians, the whole making together nearly the number of 1500 perſons, embarked in ſmall veſſels to proceed to Eaſt-Florida, by the inland navigation.

Three boats lately laden at George-town, with rum, &c. and deſigned for a ſupply to the rebel army, were laſt week deſtroyed on their way up the Santee river, by ſome loyaliſts in that quarter.

Auguſt 1. The maſter of the ſchooner from New-Providence reports, that upwards of 40 ſail of Spaniſh veſſels which had left that place ſoon after its ſurrender, only 18 had arrived at Havanna; about the ſame number having been taken, and nine forced back to the iſland, by a privateer which was cruiſing in its neighbourhood. The greater part of the veſſels which fell into the poſſeſſion of the privateer were burnt or otherwiſe deſtroyed, and their crews, together with the troops they were carrying back to the Havanna, were ſet on ſhore on the ſmall uninhabited iſlands called the Keys.

Theſe captures having been made by a privateer which was ſuppoſed to belong to New-Providence, and owned in part by perſons who were included in the capitulation of the iſland, have been regarded by the Spaniards as a breach of the articles. They have therefore apprehended and confined a number of the inhabitants, particularly thoſe who had ſhares in any of the privateers which formerly belonged to New-Providence, and which have not returned thither ſince its reduction, as it is not preciſely known what veſſel has committed theſe depredations.

The accounts concerning the fate of the ſailors and ſoldiers which were landed by the privateer on the Keys, are not ſatisfactory or clear. It is ſaid that they were taken off by ſome veſſels belonging to their nation, and carried to the Havanna, but at what time, and whether theſe veſſels were ſent for that purpoſe, or went there by accident, is not mentioned.

Auguſt 6. By a veſſel which arrived on Tueſday laſt from St. John's river, Eaſt-Florida, we hear that two priſes, laden with flour, had been ſent into the port of St. Auguſtine; and that another having on board 300 barrels of the ſame article, was off the bar of that place, waiting to diſcharge a part of her cargo before ſhe entered into the harbour. They were taken by two privateers which formerly belonged to New-Providence.

Auguſt 13. On Thurſday laſt arrived off the bar, 7 ſail of tranſports under convoy, from Auguſtine. They are ſome of the veſſels that were employed to carry off a number of the inhabitants, and part of the garriſon from Savannah to that place.

Same day arrived, a flag ſchooner from New-Providence. A gentleman who came in her informs, that the Spaniards had releaſed from confinement, thoſe gentlemen who had lately been taken into cuſtody on ſuſpicion of their having given intelligence to a privateer, which captured a number of their veſſels on their return from that place to the Havanna, upon giving ſecurity for their remaining on the iſland, until the affair ſhall be cleared up.

The whole number of perſons, independent of the garriſon of his majeſty's troops, who have left Georgia in conſequence of the evacuation of Savannah, is ſaid to be nearly 7000; of that number about 5000 are negroes, who, according to ſome account, are at leaſt one fourth of all the ſlaves in the province of Georgia. Among the 2000 whites, who have likewiſe come away, are almoſt all the wealthy inhabitants of the province, and many of the lower claſs of the people.

On Friday was ſent in here a ſmall prize ſchooner with a valuable cargo of indigo, flour, &c. This veſſel ſailed from Newbern, North-Carolina, on a voyage to the Weſt-Indies, but being chaſed by a privateer, had gone into St. Helena ſound. A whale boat, fitted out at this place, and which went on a cruiſe on Monday laſt, found her there, and took her on Thurſday, after ſome reſiſtance.

BOSTON, *Auguſt* 22.

Yeſterday another cartel arrived at Marblehead, from Plymouth, in England, with American priſoners; it is ſaid ſhe ſailed from thence the beginning of July, and brings advice that the French, Spaniſh, and Dutch fleets, amounting to 46 ſail of the line, had formed a junction and were cruiſing in the Britiſh channel, where they fell in with and captured 22 out of a fleet of 26, bound to Quebec; four only eſcaped. That the Britiſh fleet under lord Howe, being much inferior to the combined fleet, was obliged to keep snug in port.

The brig Swan, capt. Gamble, on the 20th ult. off the iſle of Rhee, ſpoke with the ſhip Count de Graſſe, capt. Gilbert, and the brig Schuylkill, capt. Matthewman, both of Philadelphia, out 27 days on a cruiſe, all well, but ſeven hands.

Auguſt 23. The Chatham and two frigates, it is ſaid, are now cruiſing in the bay, with orders from Halifax, to burn, ſink, and deſtroy all veſſels they may capture, in retaliation for the town of Lunenburgh being plundered. Fiſhing boats are not to be excepted.

WORCESTER, *Auguſt* 22.

A copy of his excellency general Waſhington's order, for the purpoſe of diſtinguiſhing the veteran non-commiſſioned officers and privates in the army of the United States, viz.

Head-Quarters, Newburgh, Auguſt 6, 1782.

GENERAL ORDERS.

HONOURARY badges of diſtinction are to be conferred on the veteran non-commiſſioned officers and ſoldiers of the army, who have ſerved more than three years with bravery, fidelity, and good conduct.

For the purpoſe, a narrow piece of cloth of angular form is to be fixed on the left arm of the uniform coat.

Non-commiſſioned officers and ſoldiers, who have ſerved with equal reputation more than ſix years, are to be diſtinguiſhed by two pieces of cloth, ſet on parallel to each other in a ſimilar form.

Should any who are not entitled to thoſe honours, have the inſolence to aſſume the badges of them, they ſhall be ſeverely puniſhed: on the other hand it is expected thoſe gallant men who are thus diſtinguiſhed, will on all occaſions be treated with particular confidence and conſideration.

The general ever deſirous to cheriſh exertion and ambition in his ſoldiers, as well as to foſter and encourage every ſpecies of military merit, directs, that whenever any ſingularly meritorious action is performed, the author of it ſhall be permitted to wear on his facings over his left breaſt, the figure of a heart in purple cloth or ſilk, edged with narrow lace or bordering.

Not only inſtances of unuſual gallantry, but alſo inſtances of extraordinary fidelity and eſſential ſervice, in any way, ſhall meet with a due reward.

Before theſe favours can be conferred on any man, the particular fact or facts on which it is to be grounded, muſt be ſet forth to the commander in chief, accompanied with certificates from the commanding officer of the regiment and brigade to which the candidate for reward belongs, or other inconteſtable proof; and upon granting it, the name and regiment of the perſon, with the action ſo certified, is to be enrolled in the book of merit, which will be kept at the orderly office.

Men who have merited this laſt diſtinction to be ſuffered to paſs all guards and ſentinels which officers are permitted to do.

The road to glory in a patriot army and a free country is thus opened to all. This order is alſo to have retroſpect to the earlier ſtages of the war, and to be conſidered as a permanent one.

NEW-YORK, *Auguſt* 26.

More than two thouſand of the troops of his ſerene highneſs the prince of Heſſe, are lately arrived from Bremer Lee in Germany, at Halifax, in Nova-Scotia, under convoy of the frigates Emerald of 32, and Cyclops of 28 guns; it is ſaid they were deſtined for New-York, but receiving intelligence of Monſ. Vaudreuil's ſquadron (now at Boſton) pervading this coaſt, it was judged more prudent to ſteer for the above harbour. This intelligence was brought by his majeſty's ſloop of war Alboroore, captain Calcott, which left the garriſon in good health. Captain Calcott departed from Halifax on the 18th inſtant; our German allies had a paſſage of about two months.

His majeſty's ſhip Narciſſus arrived here on Sunday laſt from Charles-town, by which we have the following advices:

Charles-town, Head-Quarters, Auguſt 7, 1782.

The inhabitants are hereby informed, that a convoy will be ordered, and every poſſible aſſiſtance given to convey to Auguſtine, ſuch of them, who, from the expected withdrawal of the king's troops from this town, may deſire to remove with their families and effects to the province of Eaſt-Florida. All perſons ſo diſpoſed, are therefore required to notify their intentions at the quarter-maſter-general's office, where they will, at the ſame time, deliver in a ſpecific account of the property they mean to take with them. All perſons who propoſe to remove from town to other parts, are alſo required to give three days notice of their intention.

By order of the lieutenant-general,

EDWARD SCOTT, ſecretary.

Extract of a letter from Charles-town, dated Auguſt 11.

"The general has announced to the public, that this garriſon is to be immediately evacuated, and every preparation is making for that event. In conſequence of this information, the different claſſes of people in this place, are meeting and deliberating on what ſtep is beſt to take for the intereſt of themſelves and connections. At a general meeting of the merchants, they came to the reſolution to chuſe a committee to wait on general Leſlie, with a memorial, praying for permiſſion to depute a part of their body to wait on general Greene and governor Matthews and council, to know on what terms they can remain in the country for twelve months, without becoming ſubjects.

"The propoſitions what are to be made, are in ſubſtance as follows, viz.

"Full protection in perſon and property.

"A privilege to recover debts in courts of law.

"No reſtraint in diſpoſing of their merchandiſe.

"Flags to be granted to carry their produce to any Britiſh port. And to have liberty to depart this province with their effects, at the expiration of the time agreed on.

"General Leſlie approves the meaſure, and it ſeems to be the general opinion, that the terms propoſed will be agreed to. The committee goes into the country this day. They are inſtructed to have the agreement exchanged and ratified, and the public faith pledged for the ſtrict performance."

Saturday laſt came into port, his majeſty's ſloop of war the duc de Chartres, captain Purvis, of 18 ſix-pounders and 125 men, and brought in with her the French ſhip Le Aigle, of 22 guns and 260 men, from Cape François, with diſpatches for M. Vaudreuil, commander of the French fleet now at Boſton; ſhe was taken the 19th inſtant, to the ſouthward of Cape Henry, after a ſmart engagement of more than an hour, in which the ſieur Prenent, commander of Le Aigle, and 12 others were killed, and his firſt and ſecond lieutenants and 14 men badly wounded. The duc de Chartres has received ſome damage in her rigging and ſails; but the gallant captain Purvis, with his brave crew, are well to a man, not one of them being killed, and only one ſlightly wounded in the action, who is ſince recovered.

PHILADELPHIA, *Auguſt* 31.

Yeſterday morning a detachment of the French army paſſed through this city northward.

A letter from Elizabeth-town, by ſtage, ſays, "The Brunſwick troops and Britiſh grenadiers are embarking at New-York, and will ſail in a ſhort time for Quebec."

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Morris-town, New-Jerſey, to his friend in this city, dated Auguſt 29, 1782.

"We have the greateſt reaſon to believe that an evacuation of New-York will very ſoon take place (as preparations are now making for ſuch an event) and that there will not be any Britiſh troops in that city on the firſt of November next, whether peace takes place or not; unleſs there ſhould be ſome ſignal revolution in the political ſituation of the belligerent powers in Europe.

"I cannot without a breach of promiſe mention, thro' what channel I have received this intelligence but I think an evacuation of New-York is almoſt reduced to a certainty. The loyaliſts there are in the utmoſt anxiety for the arrival of the next packet, which they apprehend will bring certain intelligence to confirm the fears they are at preſent agitated by.

"It is this day reported, that the Britiſh have demoliſhed moſt of their works on Staten-Iſland, and have only two companies there; alſo that they are about to evacuate Bergen-point. No Britiſh fleet has arrived at New-York."

Sept 3. Laſt Friday the duke de Lauzun's legion, paſſed through this city; on Saturday the regiment de Bourbonnois followed, as did the royal Deux Ponts on Sunday, and the regiment de Soiſſonnois yeſterday; and we hear that the regiment de Saintonge will proceed on the ſame route this morning, we are told theſe troops are ſhortly to join the army commanded by his excellency general Waſhington.

It may perhaps be uſeleſs to repeat the encomiums which have been ſo often beſtowed on theſe truly veteran corps, by the inhabitants of the extenſive country through which they have paſſed; but we will venture to aſſure the public, that in no ſimilar inſtance within our knowledge, have the rights of the citizens been ſo critically obſerved as by this army; not a complaint of any kind having been exhibited, or even hardly mentioned, by the people in the vicinity of their camps or in the courſe of their long marches.

The Boſton papers received yeſterday by poſt, inform us of the loſs of Le Magnifique, of 74 guns, in Boſton bay, having run on a rock and inſtantly filled. Her ſtores, &c. were ſaved.

The wife of a Mr. Samuel Flint, of Windham, in the ſtate of Connecticut, was lately delivered of a ſon, Mr. Flint being in his 69th year. But what is further remarkable, he has 9 children, 39 grandchildren, and 3 great grandchildren, all now living. The wife of one of his ſons, a few years ſince, had 4 children at a birth.

We learn from the ſouthward, that the hoſtile conduct of ſome of the Indian tribes to the weſtward, had induced the governor of South-Carolina, to ſend out general Pickens, with a well appointed body of militia, to chaſtiſe them, and the expedition was to have taken effect the firſt of this month. The Indians, however, have ſince ſued for peace, and a treaty, we hear, will ſhortly be held for that purpoſe.

One of our readers has his doubts, whether the Britiſh are ſerious in evacuating all the ſtates; and fears that they are collecting all their force to a point at New-York, with a view of making one great effort againſt general Waſhington. The late recal of the French troops to head-quarters, may be aſcribed to the general's foreſight of ſuch a meaſure.

Extract of a letter from Chatham, New-Jerſey, Auguſt 28.

"This day we have reports from the lines, that a number of families, to the amount of 1200, had embarked at New-York, and were going, or were gone, to ſettle in Canada. Mr. Cuyler, formerly mayor of Albany, under the royal government, with his family, were at the head of them. It is generally believed, that total evacuation will take place in the month of October next."

Intendant's-office, September 3, 1782.

THE intendant of the revenue is directed by law to ſell for ſpecie, as much tobacco, wheat, or flour, as will produce money ſufficient to pay one year's intereſt on certificates adjuſted agreeable to the act relating to public creditors; and whereas there are ſtill many claims againſt the ſtate not liquidated, he hereby gives notice to all perſons who have ſuch, to bring them in, and have the ſame ſettled with the auditor-general before the 10th day of November next, otherwiſe they may expect to be among the laſt creditors that will be paid.

DANIEL of ST. THOMAS JENIFER,
intendant.

The ſubſcriber, living in Calvert county, about a mile below Nottingham, near Patuxent river, has for ſale,

SEVERAL likely country born ſlaves, conſiſting of men, women, boys, and girls, which ſhe propoſes to ſell to the higheſt bidder, on the premiſes, for ſpecie in hand, or tobacco on credit from one to four years; alſo at the ſame time will be expoſed to ſale, horſes, cattle, ſheep and hogs. The ſale to begin on Thurſday the 19th of September next, at 12 o'clock.

HENRIETTA MARIA SKINNER.

September 2, 1782.

THE ſubſcriber is empowered by law to collect the debts due to Meſſrs. William and Robert Molleſon, and gives this public notice, that attendance will be given at Nottingham, in Prince George's county, for that purpoſe; he requires all thoſe indebted to come and ſettle and adjuſt their reſpective balances according to law; he is prepared to ſettle with all who have had dealings at George-town, Bladenſburg, and Pomonkey ſtores, on Patowmack, and at Upper-Marlborough, Pig-point, Nottingham, Lower Marlborough, and Hunting-town, on Patuxent; thoſe who cannot pay muſt give new bonds with ſecurity for the debts due on bond, and pay up the intereſt, and where the debts are due on accounts, bond and ſecurity is required. I beg this notice will be duly attended to; I am deſirous to ſatisfy all claims againſt me on account of Meſſrs. Molleſons, and all claims againſt them as ſoon as poſſible, and muſt do it by collecting their debts, ſo that I can give no indulgence. All thoſe who have any bills returned proteſted of my endorſing, drawn on Meſſrs. Molleſons, or endorſed by any perſon (for the ſhippers of tob cco) who kept ſtore for them at the above mentioned places, are deſired to ſend or bring them in to me, that they may be adjuſted according to the exiſting laws of the ſtate of Maryland. Thoſe who are indebted to me on my own account, or any partnerſhip account, are deſired to make ſpeedy ſettlement with

THOMAS CONTEE.

Charles county, September 2, 1782.

I HAVE in my cuſtody, committed as runaways, to wit: a negro woman, who ſays her name is TERY, (has with her a male child of about two years of age) and that ſhe is the property of a certain Uriah Croſby, of the ſtate of Virginia, from whom ſhe eloped the laſt ſpring; ſhe has ſcarce any apparel at all; a negro man, who at the time he was committed ſaid his name was JAMES ANDERSON; and a negro woman, who when committed ſaid her name was MARY KEEKS, and both ſaid they were free. Since in my cuſtody they have confeſſed they are ſlaves; the man ſays his proper name is JAMES, and that he is the property of William Wood's heirs of Glouceſter county, of the ſtate of Virginia was hired to a certain Joſias Stubblefield, of the ſame county, from whence he ran away; had on, when brought to me, a red regimental coat turned up with white, red waiſtcoat, a pair of linſey breeches, cotton ſhirt, a pair of cotton ſtockings, and a pair of old ſhoes, and ſundry other things with him not worth mentioning; the woman ſays her proper name is LUCY, and that ſhe is the property of a certain George Dame, of the county and ſtate aforeſaid; had on a ſtriped country cloth jacket and petticoat, and ſundry other things not worth mentioning. They are all country born, appear to be young and very ſenſible; their maſters are deſired to pay charges and take them away.

tf BENJAMIN CAWOOD, jun. ſheriff.

TAKEN up by John Shipley, in Anne-Arundel county, as a ſtray, a ſorrel gelding, about 14 hands high, branded on the near ſhoulder H, a blaze in his forehead, two hind feet white, ſhod before, paces, trots, and gallops. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

September 11, 1782.

STOLEN from Tally's creek, near Annapolis, on Wedneſday night laſt, a new YAWL, about 14 or 15 feet keel, with a pine rudder and tiller, ſhe was tarred to her upper ſtreaks, and built with oak plank on mulberry timbers. Thirty ſhillings ſpecie will be given to any perſon who will deliver ſaid yawl to the ſubſcriber, living on Tally's creek.

THOMAS WOODFIELD.

WANTED, as an apprentice by the printers hereof, a lad who can read and write well.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that the creditors of Richard Dickinſon, mariner, deceaſed, late of Somerſet county, intend to petition the next general aſſembly for a law to diſpoſe of the land (or ſuch part thereof as may be ſufficient) the ſaid Richard Dickinſon died poſſeſſed of, for the purpoſe of diſcharging the juſt debts due them from ſaid Dickinſon. w 8

Greenbury's Point, July 20, 1782.

WANTED,

TWO induſtrious ſober men for overſeers, who can come well recommended, and are not above their buſineſs; ſuch men either married or ſingle will meet with good encouragement by applying to

tf DAVID KERR.

Charles county, July 21, 1782.

FOR SALE,

THE ſubſcriber's dwelling plantation, containing 829 acres, lying about 6 miles below Piſcataway, and on the main road leading from that place to Port-Tobacco; the ſoil is of the firſt quality; the improvements are a tolerable dwelling houſe, two good barns, and all the neceſſary out-houſes. This tract contains a large quantity of excellent meadow ground, a ſmall part of which has been cleared. It will be ſold for either cash or tobacco. A ſmall part of the purchaſe money or tobacco may perhaps be expected down, and three years credit, without intereſt for the firſt twelve months, will be given, if required, for the balance, provided one third be punctually paid annually.

SAMUEL HANSON, of Samuel.

N. B. The water is fine, and the ſituation remarkably healthful.

July 25, 1782.

WHEREAS my brother, Stephen Stewart, moſt unjuſtly and wrongfully pretends and gives out, that he will be entitled to the tract of land whereon I now dwell, called Duvall's range, lying in Anne-Arundel county, after my death, as heir at law to my father, and has offered, and may again offer, to ſell his right to the ſaid land; to prevent the trouble and expence in which the purchaſer of ſuch pretended right, as well as my children, might be involved, I hereby give this public notice to all and every perſon or perſons, that the ſaid Stephen Stewart has no right or title whatever, either in law or equity, to the ſaid land, and do thus publicly forewarn and forbid all and every perſon or perſons from making purchaſe of the ſaid pretended right of the ſaid Stephen Stewart to the ſaid land. w 3

EDWARD STEWART.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, two certificates iſſued in virtue of the act to ſettle and adjuſt the accounts of the troops of this ſtate in the ſervice of the United States, viz. No. 2639 for £.40, and 2640 for £.47 7 10. All perſons are forwarned from purchaſing the ſaid certificates, as no aſſignment has been made by me

THOMAS WOOD.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the proprietors of Chew's Farm intend petitioning the next general aſſembly to compel their tenants to pay a proportionable part of the aſſeſſment on ſaid farm, according to their reſpective intereſts therein.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the ſubſcriber intends to prefer a petition to the next ſeſſion of the general aſſembly, for an act for the recording and giving effect to a deed of bargain and ſale from John King to John Furlong, both late of Somerſet county.

w 8 WILLIAM CARROLL.

July 9, 1782.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the ſubſcriber intends to petition the next general aſſembly, for an act to enable her to ſell at public vendue the remaining part of Addition to Pike's Delight, according to the direction of the laſt will and teſtament of col. Edward Sprigg, her deceaſed huſband, for the benefit of the creditors and repreſentatives of the ſaid deceaſed, purſuant to his ſaid will. w 10

MARY PINDELL,

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that the ſubſcribers intend to petition the next general aſſembly, to paſs an act, authoriſing them to have a road or paſſage laid off, ſo that they may have free ingreſs and egreſs to and from a marſh called Sancho's-Iſland.

3w WILLIAM HORSEY,
WILLIAM M'BRYDE,
WILLIAM WINDER, jun.

Green Hills, Frederick county, Auguſt 21, 1782.

On Monday the 18th of October next, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the premiſes,

THE plantation whereon the ſubſcriber now lives, within five miles of the town of Weſtminſter, with another adjoining it, containing in the whole about five hundred acres, of which a conſiderable part is cleared and under good fences; on the former of theſe places is a very commodious dwelling houſe, well finiſhed, with other convenient building and offices, and a large barn, the whole nearly new, a large garden paled in, a ſmall orchard of the beſt fruit, and a well improved meadow of near thirty acres under timothy, moſt of which is watered; on the other place is a commodious dwelling houſe, with a barn and other buildings, a young bearing orchard, and a conſiderable quantity of improved meadow. At ſame time will be ſold, a number of ſlaves, men, women, boys, and girls, with all the ſtock of cattle and farming utenſils belonging to ſaid place. The terms will be made known at the time and place of ſale. w 8

CATHERINE WOOLSBY.

Annapolis, Auguſt 22, 1782.

ALL thoſe indebted by book account to the ſubſcribers for former dealings at their ſtore in Annapolis, are once more requeſted to ſettle their reſpective balances, and all thoſe indebted to the ſame by bond, are deſired to pay up the intereſt and renew the ſame without further notice, otherwiſe we ſhall be under the diſagreeable neceſſity to compel payment by law. 6w

JOSEPH and JAMES WILLIAMS.

A FEW copies of the LAWS of MARYLAND, paſſed laſt ſeſſion of aſſembly, may be had at the Printing-office.

A HARPSICHORD to be ſold. For terms enquire of the printer.

THERE is at the plantation of captain Charles Worthington, in Anne-Arundel county, taken up as a ſtray, a bay gelding, appears to be very old, no perceivable brand, blaze face, two hind feet white, ſeveral ſaddle ſpots, about 14 hands high, very poor. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges. w 3

Auguſt 1, 1782.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Thomas Morton, late of Prince-George's county, are deſired to make immediate payment, and thoſe having claims againſt the ſaid eſtate are alſo requeſted to bring them legally atteſted, to

URSULA MORTON, executrix,
JOSEPH MORTON, executor.

Loudoun county, Virginia, Auguſt 18, 1782.

FOR SALE,

A LEASE, for three lives, of 300 acres of as good high land as any in this county; it is near the Gum ſpring, and about 35 miles from Alexandria, and 30 from Dumfries; the land is very level, and free from ſtone, produces excellent wheat, corn, and tobacco, and is now in good order for cropping, having about 150 or 80 acres cleared, and under a good fence, none of which land hath been cleared more than 4 or 5 years; the rent is only 750 lb. of crop tobacco per annum. There are a new dwelling-houſe on the premiſes, 24 by 16, planked above and below, with a ſtone chimney, two very large well built tobacco pens, thatched with rye ſtraw, that will cure 8 or 10 hogſheads weight of tobacco, with ſeveral other neceſſary houſes, and good water near the houſe; 10 or 15 acres of good meadow may be made on it. The leaſe is favourable, the tenant is not obliged to build houſes or plant orchards, and hath liberty to have a ſub-tenant, to work 8 hands and to clear the whole of the land if he chooſes. Poſſeſſion will be given on the firſt of January next. The purchaſer to have the liberty to ſow what wheat and rye he may think proper this fall. It will be ſold for cash or tobacco, on twelve months credit from the firſt of January next. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the terms, be ſhewn the premiſes, and alſo the leaſe, by applying to the ſubſcriber; who hath alſo for ſale, a negro blackſmith, who is a very good workman, an excellent horſeſhoer, can make good grain and graſs ſithes, has worked two years at the anchor buſineſs, and underſtands every kind of plantation work; he is about 26 years of age, as ſtout likely a fellow as any in the ſtate, and is ſold for no fault; hath been for ſeveral months paſt, and ſtill is, employed in ſhip-work, by Mr. Caverley, of Alexandria, where the fellow may be ſeen, and his character more fully known, &c. &c. For terms apply to JOSIAH WATSON, Eſq; of Alexandria, or to

SAMUEL LOVE, jun.

THE partnerſhip of Wallace, Davidſon, and Johnſon, having terminated ſome time ſince, it is abſolutely neceſſary that the tranſactions of that concern ſhould be ſettled; the ſubſcribers therefore earneſtly call on all thoſe who are indebted to the ſaid company for dealings at Annapolis, Queen-Anne, and Nottingham, immediately to ſettle their balances by bond or note. Being well acquainted with the ſcarcity of money, and other difficulties of the times, the ſubſcribers do not preſs for payment, but a ſettlement; and to ſhow the world that they wiſh to do as they would be done by, they inform their creditors, that they are willing to give their bonds for any juſt claims againſt them, and to renew thoſe of an old date.

For the convenience of their debtors, they have empowered Mr. Edward Botelar to ſettle their Nottingham ſtore balances, Mr. Samuel Tyler thoſe of Queen-Anne ſtore, and they will give conſtant attendance at Annapolis for the purpoſe of ſettling the accounts of that ſtore; they hope no perſon concerned will neglect to comply with this very moderate requeſt, ſhould there be any ſuch, they may be aſſured that ſuits will be commenced againſt them the moment the courts are opened without any further notice.

tf C. WALLACE,
J. DAVIDSON.

TAKEN up by Samuel Cammell, living in the fork of Patuxent, in Anne-Arundel county, a ſtray black gelding, about 13¼ hands high, four or five years old, a natural pacer, branded on the near buttock *H*, has three white feet, a blaze in his face, and part of his under lip white. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

ANNAPOLIS RACES.

On Wedneſday the 30th of October will be run for,

A PURSE of fifty guineas, free for any horſe, mare, or gelding, heats four miles each, four years old to carry ſeven ſtone, five years old ſeven ſtone ten pounds, ſix years old eight ſtone ſeven pounds, aged nine ſtone.

On Thurſday the 31ſt of October,

A PURSE of fifty pounds ſpecie, free for any horſe, mare, or gelding, heats three miles, weights the ſame as the firſt day.

On Friday the 1ſt of November,

A PURSE of thirty pounds ſpecie, free for any horſe, mare, or gelding, of three and four years old, four years old to carry ſeven ſtone, and three years old a feather, heats two miles each.

Any horſe winning two clear heats to be entitled to the purſe. Three horſes to ſtart each day or no race, and the winning horſe each day is excluded ſtarting for any of the other purſes.

Entrance for the firſt day four pounds, for the ſecond two pounds ten ſhillings, and for the third one pound ten ſhillings.

The horſes intended to be ſtarted muſt be entered with George Mann the day preceding the race, or pay double entrance at the poſt.

The horſes are to ſtart each day preciſely at eleven o'clock.——Proper judges will be appointed for the races.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by F. and S. GREEN, at the POST-OFFICE, *Charles-Street.*